

Here is projected a slaughter, taking place among those who have been instructed to abstain from unclean meats, but among whom many are violating God's command. The disobedient, those whose bellies are their gods, including those who sanctify

And they shall bring all your brethren for an offering unto the Lord out of all nations upon horses, and in chariots, and in litters, and upon mules, and upon swift beasts, to My holy mountain Jerusalem, saith the Lord, as the children of Israel bring an offering in a clean vessel into the house of the Lord." Isa. 66:16, 19, 20—"For by fire and by His sword will the Lord plead with all flesh: and the slain of the Lord shall be many. . . . And I will set a sign among them, and I will send those that escape of them unto the nations, to Tarshish, Pul, and Lud, that draw the bow, to Tubal, and Javan, to the isles afar off, that have not heard My fame, neither have seen My glory; and they shall declare My glory among the Gentiles. And they shall bring all your brethren for an offering unto the Lord out of all nations upon horses, and in chariots, and in litters, and upon mules, and upon swift beasts, to My holy mountain Jerusalem, saith the Lord, as the children of Israel bring an offering in a clean vessel into the house of the Lord."

What will unhitch the gristled horses from the chariot?—Isaiah the prophet has the answer:

ly retreating toward Egypt. Yet few are alarmed or astonished at their want of spiritual power. Doubt and even disbelief of the testimonies of the Spirit of God, is leavening our churches everywhere. Satan would have it thus. Ministers who preach self instead of Christ would have it thus. The testimonies are unread and unappreciated. God has spoken to you. Light has been shining from his word and from the testimonies, and both have been slighted and disregarded. The result is apparent in the lack of purity and devotion and earnest faith among us."—"Testimonies," Vol. 5, p. 217. (Under-scored words ours.)

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**Please Note:** You are looking at the first actual print page of this TG, as you will notice the top panels are upside down. After printing, this page will be folded twice and trimmed to an actual tract size page.

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Verses 6, 7—"And she conceived again, and bare a daughter. And God said unto him, Call her name Lo-rumahah: for I will no more have mercy upon the house of Israel; but I will utterly take them away.

The first-born son of the prophet's visionary marriage, you see, was named Jezreel in order to foreshadow that which was to befall the nation—predicting not only the termination of the kingdom, but also the very place in which its army was to be defeated—in the valley of Jezreel. And this destructive evil was to have come upon them for shedding the blood of Jezreel, but obviously not the Jezreel that had just been born and named. Who the slain Jezreel is, we shall see later in the study.

Verses 3-5—"So he went and took Gomer the daughter of Diblaim; which conceived, and bare him a son. And the Lord said unto him, Call his name Jezreel; for yet a little while, and I will avenge the blood of Jezreel upon the house of Jehu, and will cause to cease the kingdom of the house of Israel. And it shall come to pass at that day, that I will break the bow of Israel, in the valley of Jezreel."

This marriage is, of course, only visionary just as is the prophet Ezekiel's lying 40 days on one side, and 390 days on the other side (Ezek. 4:4-6).

And the Lord said to Hosea, Go, take unto thee a wife of whoredoms and children of whoredoms: for the land hath committed great whoredom, departing from the Lord." The prophet Hosea was commanded to take a wife of whoredoms for no other reason than to portray the sad and abominable condition which then obtained in Israel.

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# TIMELY GREETINGS

## —The Only Peace of Mind—

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CHILDREN BORN TO A LEWD MOTHER  
BRING PEACE AND HAPPINESS IN THE HOME.  
THE GREAT PARADOX OF THE AGES

Now is your opportunity to act, and it is my wish and prayer that you, and every member of the Denominational Union, should be on the side of the Lord. Thus saith the Lord. You take them to task on this strictly Biblical Truth.

Thus will the Gospel be finished by those who escape from the Lord's slaying (Isa. 66:15, 16) and God's people be quickly gathered from the four corners of the earth, happily brought as an offering to the house of the Lord (verses 19, 20).

After the transgressors are thus removed, then those who are left, the "remnant," the escaped ones, become the servants of God and are sent to all the nations, especially to those who have not as yet heard either of God's fame or the good news of His Kingdom. These escaped ones are to bring to the house of the Lord all their brethren, all that will be converted to Christ—"a great multitude, which no man could number, of all nations, and kindreds, and people, and tongues." They shall stand "before the throne, and before the Lamb, clothed with white robes, and palms in their hands." Rev. 7:9.

and purify themselves, (the self-righteous) in the gardens behind one tree (behind their Truth-hating ministers, verse 17, margin), are by the Lord Himself removed from among His Truth-seeking ones.

nation, chooses to be on the side which this unveiled paradox of the ages plainly and definitely instructs you to be on. Do not let the grisled horses deceive you any longer. Meet their fair speeches with "Thus saith the Lord." You take them to task on this strictly Biblical Truth.

Hos. 1:1, 2—"The Word of the Lord that came unto Hosea, the son of Beeri, in the days of Uzziah, Jotham, Ahaz, and Hezekiah, kings of Judah, and in the days of Jeroboam the son of Joash, king of Israel. The beginning of the Word of the Lord by Hosea.

Up to this very day God's people have never as yet experienced such a complete and absolute security and freedom as set forth in this verse of Scripture. It is, therefore, quickly seen that the subject of the chapter reaches even beyond our time. As we study the chapters verse by verse, the time element will appear still brighter and brighter.

Hos. 2:18—"And in that day will I make a covenant for them with the beasts of the field and with the fowls of heaven, and with the creeping things of the ground: and I will break the bow and the sword and the battle out of the earth, and will make them to lie down safely."

Our subject for today is found in Hosea, chapters one and two. The first and most important thing to ascertain about these chapters is the time in which their prophetic import unfolds. To find this out, we shall read:

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SABBATH, JANUARY 3, 1948  
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## CHILDREN BORN TO A LEWD MOTHER BRING PEACE AND HAPPINESS IN THE HOME

### TEXT FOR PRAYER

Outwit Satan In His Game For Souls

I shall read from "Christ's Object Lessons," page 55, beginning with paragraph two:

"Cares, riches, pleasures, all are used by Satan in playing the game of life for the human soul. The warning is given, 'Love not the world, neither the things that are in the world. If any man love the world, the love of the Father is not in him. . . .' He who reads the hearts of men as an open book says, 'Take heed to yourselves, lest at any time your hearts be overcharged with surfeiting and drunkenness and cares of this life.' And the apostle Paul by the Holy Spirit writes, 'They that will be rich fall into temptation and a snare, and into many foolish and hurtful lusts, which drown men in destruction and perdition. For the love of money is the root of all evil; which, while some coveted after, they have erred from the faith, and pierced themselves through with many sorrows.'"

We are to pray for to overcome the love of the world and to remember that Satan is playing the game of life for the souls of God's people; to be given grace to work and pray as never before; to overcome the wiles of the Devil; to know that he is no foe to be trifled with, and that Jesus is the Captain Who never lost a battle; that if we enlist His help He will see us through.

This symbolic prophecy is seen to corroborate history. It points out that the Christian Church at first suffered martyrdom, shown by the color, red. Then followed the Dark Ages of religion when the church

The first chariot, you remember, is led by red horses; the second by black horses; the third by white; and the fourth by two kinds—gripled and bay horses. The color of each horse being a mark of species, it must be indicative of their natural and consequential circumstances. And as afore-noted, they are symbolic of the ministry in each segment of church history. The red evidently signifies martyrdom; the black signifies captivity; the white signifies freedom; gripled (an indefinite color, neither black nor white) symbolizes ministers that are neither true Christians nor true Gentiles—hypocrites. The bay, however, denote strength, as the marginal reference points out.

The symbolisms, though, is to disclose the paradoxical situation that exists with the fourth chariot, the last, and hence the Laodicean church with the judgment message, as her name itself indicates.

Since the chariots are led by horses, the horses themselves must symbolize the chariot's (church's) leadership, and the passengers in the chariots must symbolize the laity.

The fourth chariot being the last, it is to be found operating just before the second Pentecost.

Plainly, the chariots symbolize the church militant at work between the two Pentecosts.

ghost as they fell at the apostle's feet (Acts 5:1-11).

horses depict, the ones that come on the scene last:

“ . . . The Lord has faithful servants, who in the shaking, testing time will be disclosed to view. There are precious ones now hidden who have not bowed the knee to Baal. They have not had the light which has been shining in a concentrated blaze upon you. But, it may be under a rough and uninviting exterior the pure brightness of a genuine Christian character will be revealed. In the daytime we look toward heaven, but do not see the stars. They are there, fixed in the firmament, but the eye cannot distinguish them. In the night we behold their genuine lustre.”—“Testimonies,” Vol. 5, pp. 80-81.

This is exactly what is happening right now: Those who are rejecting the message that is announcing the Judgment for the Living; those who “did not keep pace with the light,” and are satisfied to stay in antitypical Egypt; the Seventh-day Adventists’ ministry are to be discharged (unhitched); and the “hidden” ones, those represented by the bay horses, the Davidian Seventh-day Adventists’ ministry, are coming to the front. They are now being “disclosed to view,” and are getting ready to take the chariot! Then as soon as they are told to “Go,” they will unhesitatingly and speedily move on “to and fro through the earth” with the message of the hour, the Judgment for the Living.

Now let the founder of the Seventh-day Adventist Denomination concretely explain what and where the south country is:

“I am filled with sadness when I think of our condition as a people. . . . The church has turned back from following Christ her Leader, and is steady-

Let us remember that the first chapter brought us down through the stream of time, down to the Christian era. Now, in chapter two our attention is again directed to Hosea's visionary children, but the prefix “Lo” has been omitted from the names Lo-ruhamah and Lo-ammī so as to change the meaning from no mercy, and not My people, to “mercy,” and “My people.”

ter two, because, as I said before, its contents are the continuation of those in chapter one.

Christians have for centuries preached the kingdom of God, but it is not as yet clear to most of them whether it is to be as tangible as the earth itself, or whether it is to be something foamy, something floating in space, or what? Inspiration, however, clearly declares that the kingdom of Christ (the church purified—cleansed, Dan. 8:14) is to be as real as any of the kingdoms of earth.

Here again the promises are as plain as words can make them that after the dispersion and captivity, the “many days,” God's scattered people are then to return to their homeland, and are then to seek the Lord their God, and David their king. Hence, these sons of God are not the identified and unbelieving Jews of today who are trying to make a permanent national home in the Promised Land.

But I will have mercy upon the house of Judah, and will save them by the Lord their God, and will not save them by bow, nor by sword, nor by battle, by horses, nor by horsemen.”

The ten-tribe kingdom, Israel, was spared until the birth of Lo-ruhamah, but the name of this second child certified that God was to have no more mercy upon the house of Israel, that its end had already come. However, He was to have mercy upon the house of Judah, the two-tribe kingdom, and was to deliver it by a miracle. And that is what happened: an angel slew 185,000 of the Assyrian army, and thus God spared the house of Judah (2 Kings 19:35).

Verses 8, 9—“Now when she had weaned Lo-ruhamah, she conceived, and bare a son. Then said God, Call his name Lo-ammī: for ye are not My people, and I will not be your God.”

The third child was named Lo-ammī to show that God's mercies were to depart even from the house of Judah. But rather than to let them be subjugated as His people, He first rejected them, whereupon they were no longer His people. The Apostle Peter cites this verse of Scripture as referring to the unbelieving Jews; as a nation they were rejected after the crucifixion of Christ, and were thus no longer His people (1 Peter 2:9, 10). The individuals, though, who did believe in the Lord were reaccepted, and they became “the children of the Living God.” (See Rom. 9:26.)

Now note that this symbolism has thus far taken us prophetically and historically from the days of the house of Israel to the Christian era.

Verse 10—“Yet the number of the children of Israel

Hos. 3:4, 5—"For the children of Israel shall abide many days without a king, and without a prince, and without a sacrifice, and without an image, and without an ephod, and without teraphim: afterward shall the children of Israel return, and seek the Lord their God, and David their king; and shall fear the Lord and His goodness in the latter days."

In another allegorical prophecy, in connection with this one, we are again told:

2:44, 45. Dan. certain, and the interpretation thereof sure." Dan. what shall come to pass hereafter: and the dream is the gold; the great God hath made known to the king, and pieces the iron, the brass, the clay, the silver, and out of the mountain without hands, and that it brake in ever. Forasmuch as thou sawest that the stone was cut consume all these kingdoms, and it shall stand for left to other people, but it shall break in pieces and shall never be destroyed: and the kingdom shall not be days] shall the God of heaven set up a kingdom, which that ". . . in the days of these kings [not after their which antitypical David is to be the king. Thus it is gathered together from the four corners of the earth, and be organized into a Theocratic government, of God's saints, without a sinner among them, are to be Here we are definitely told that in the latter days,

Verse 11—"Then shall the children of Judah and the children of Israel be gathered together, and appoint themselves one head, and they shall come up out of the land: for great shall be the day of Jezreel."

man was born there. Selah." Psa. 87:4-6. shall count, when He writeth up the people, that this the highest Himself shall establish her. The Lord

shall be as the sand of the sea, which cannot be measured nor numbered; and it shall come to pass, that in the place where it was said unto them, Ye are not My people, there it shall be said unto them, Ye are the sons of the living God."

"Yet," that is, in spite of the fact that the children of Israel were to be scattered throughout the nations, and rejected, be no longer God's people, yet in spite of all these, both the descendants of the house of Israel and of the house of Judah (all the children of Jacob) were to be multiplied as the sand of the sea by the time they are reaccepted and thus become the sons of the living God through the Saviour, Jesus Christ.

From this scripture you note that this multitude of sons of Jacob are not the identified Jews of today, but rather the lost descendants of Judah and Israel,—of those who were assimilated by the Gentile nations and by the early Christian church by taking upon themselves the title "Christians," of those who thus lost their racial and national identity. From all these, after having been scattered throughout the Gentile nations, and after having lost their identity, are to come the sons of God that are projected in this allegorical prophecy. Thus many of us who suppose to be of the Gentile nations may at long last discover that we are of the lost tribes of Judah and Israel, and of the apostolic Christian Jews. Though none of us really know our genealogy very far back, yet God Who knows even the number of hairs on one's head has kept an accurate genealogical record of each of us. So He says: "I will make mention of Rahab and Babylon to them that know Me: behold Philistia, and Tyre, with Ethiopia; this man was born there. And of Zion it shall be said, This and that man was born in her: and

The double team of horses, and their two kinds of colors, pulling in two different directions are immediately seen to symbolize a double set of church leaders (the Seventh-day Adventist leaders and the Davidian Seventh-day Adventist leaders) unlike in character and aim. Symbolically speaking, the gristled horses, those that appeared first on the

not to be expected any Truth through them.

Truth to turn away and to bring Truth no more through them—to be silent there—and that, therefore, there is one of the forth chariot, which caused the Spirit of north country were generally rejected, especially the God's Spirit having been silenced in the north country, must denote that the messages of God in the

would be spiritual Egypt—worldliness. toward the south country" which, figuratively speaking, But contrary to this, the gristled horses "go forth to every nation, and kindred, and tongue and people, though, is supposed to go to and fro through the earth—than nations are now inhabiting. The fourth chariot, chariot went; that is, the countries which the Christ geographically north of Palestine is where the other there, for it went nowhere. The "north country," in particular, the first chariot is seen to have remained Since the Church originated in Asia, Jerusalem

strength (margin) the kind heretofore unknown. unknown, whereas the color, bay, denotes spiritual denotes hypocrisy, the kind of which is heretofore led being an indefinite color—neither black nor white, have a controversial struggle over the chariot. Gris- with its bay and gristled teams. The teams are seen to (white team). And at last comes the fourth chariot Protestant period, the period of religious freedom was in captivity (black). Following these came the

prophetic scene, are leading the chariot into Egypt—the worldliness from which they ought to come out rather than go back into. The bay horses, though, are endeavoring to pull away from it and go to and fro through the earth as commanded—to finish the gospel work in accordance with God's plan. But this cannot take place so long as both teams are hitched to the chariot, for the chariot cannot possibly move in either direction while one team pulls in one direction and the other in another direction.

The immediate necessity, therefore, is to unhitch (discharge) the one, so that the other can be free to go to and fro through the earth as soon as they are told to "Go." When this happens the paradox will be a paradox no longer.

What put two different kinds of leaders working at cross purposes?—I shall let the Spirit of Prophecy give the answer. Here follows the description of one set of church leaders:

". . . Those who have rendered supreme homage to 'science falsely so-called,' will not be the leaders then. Those who have trusted to intellect, genius, or talent, will not then stand at the head of rank and file. They did not keep pace with the light. Those who have proved themselves unfaithful will not then be entrusted with the flock. . . ."—"Testimonies," Vol. 5, pg. 80.

Obviously, these self-important leaders, who love to slumber in a lukewarm country, are represented by the gristled horses.

We shall now read of the leaders whom the bay

Zech. 6:1-8—"And I turned, and lifted up mine eyes, and looked, and, behold, there came four chariots out from between two mountains; and the mountains were mountains of brass. In the first chariot were red horses; and in the second chariot black horses; and in the third chariot white horses; and in the fourth chariot grisled and bay horses. Then I answered and said unto the angel that talked with me, What are these, my Lord? And the angel answered and said unto me, These are the four Spirits of the heavens, which go forth from standing before the Lord of all the earth. The black horses which are therein go forth into the north country; and the white go forth after them; and the grisled go forth toward the south country. And the bay went forth, and sought to go that they might walk to and fro through the earth; and He said, Get you hence, walk to and fro through the earth. So they walked to and fro through the earth. Then cried He upon me, and spake unto me, saying, Behold, these that go toward the north country have quieted My Spirit in the north country."

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## THE GREAT PARADOX OF THE AGES

where they stand in time. And as the chariots came from between the mountains, one standing to their left (in the future) and the other to their right (in the past), it is necessary to locate them first. The Biblical interpretation of a symbolical mountain is as follows: "Jerusalem shall be called a city of Truth; and the mountain of the Lord of hosts the holy mountain." Zech. 8:3. The mountains in Zechariah's prophecy, therefore, as elsewhere in the Bible, are seen to symbolize two governments, churches, very similar in nature (both of brass) and at two different times (one to the chariot's right and one to their left). Being of brass, a metal that has everlasting qualities, that does not deteriorate, shows that they represent something eternal. Moreover the mountains being of the same symbolical material as that which the feet of Christ (Rev. 1:15) were shown to be (brass), it locates the mountains in the Christian era.

The only such holy governments of God in the Christian era, one in the past and one in the future between which the path of the chariots lies, are the church of the Pentecost with the 120 Spirit-filled disciples, symbolized by the mountain to the chariots' right, and the church at the second Pentecost (Joel 2:28, 29, yet future) with the 144,000 Spirit-filled disciples standing on Mount Zion with the Lamb (Rev. 14:1), symbolized by the mountain to the chariots' left.

It is well understood that the church of today is made up of all kinds of materials, not of solid brass—not of true Christians only, but commingled with good and bad—wheat and tares. The truth is therefore obvious: There is to be another such sin-destroying and sinner-sifting Theocracy as the one in the day of Ananias and Sapphira who for sinning gave up the

It was in the Valley of Achor that Joshua stoned the last of the sinners in Israel—Achan and his household. Then it was that the Israelite nation was permitted to take the promised land, the vineyard. Just such a purging as this is the church's only "door of hope," says Inspiration, her only escape from her present plight. Then she is to return to her former position and grace. Then she is to receive the promised blessing as verily as ancient Israel received hers. That remarkable incident in the Valley of Achor is now seen to typify the purging for the repossession of the promised land—typifying the judgment for the living,

The Valley of Achor, you note, is her door of hope—it is the only way out of her predicament. The valley has but one significance: it stands for a thorough purging, for destroying the sinners that are in her midst a decent, respectable wife of God.

Having brought her into as strait and embarrassing circumstances as one can be in, God promises to allure her, and to bring her into the wilderness, there to speak comfortably to her. Specifically speaking, having emerged from the "great tribulation, such as was not since the beginning of the world" (Matt. 24:21), God brings her, not into her vineyard, not in the Promised Land, but into the "wilderness" (into the lands of the Gentiles), there to speak comfortably to her, and to help her reform. After this comforting meeting takes place she is to have her vineyards from thence, and the Valley of Achor for a door of hope; there she is to sing and rejoice as in the days of her youth, and as in the day she came out of Egypt.

land of Egypt."

Here in this unique symbolism, fashioned years before the Christian dispensation, Inspiration foreshadowed the grace that was to be given to the people in the Christian era, and that rather than continue to be called Jews, they were to be called by another title—Christians: Mercy, and My people.

The command, "Say ye unto your brethren, Ammi; and to your sisters, Ruhamah," in itself explains that God is speaking to Jezreel, (Ammi's and Ruhamah's brother), and that Jezreel in turn is to speak to Ammi and to Ruhamah. And the fact that God calls Hosea's visionary wife His Own wife, the subject becomes still clearer: Hosea, you see, represents God, and Hosea's wife represents God's church; Jezreel, the one God speaks to, represents His mouth piece, a prophet, and Jezreel's brethren, Ammi and Ruhamah, represent the members of the church, both male and female. Now, as Ammi and Ruhamah represent the laity, it is obvious that the mother represents the ministry, those who bring forth converts into the church. Here we have a complete representation of the household of God.

The fact that Jezreel is to urge his brethren, the laity, to plead with the mother (with the ministry, to those who bring forth converts), that she put away her whoredom, the truth clearly stands out that this revival and reformation does not come to the laity through the ministry, but to the ministry through the laity.

The laity is to explain that if the ministers fail to reform, God is to strip them naked—as naked as in the day they were born.

Verses 4, 5—"And I will not have mercy upon her children; for they be the children of whoredoms. For

Verses 14, 15—"Therefore, behold, I will allure her, and bring her into the wilderness, and speak comfortably unto her. And I will give her her vineyards from thence, and the valley of Achor for a door of

In fulfillment of the prophecy contained in verse eleven, God permitted the little horn of Daniel seven to change times and laws, and permitted the saints of the Most High to be in his hand until "a time and times and the dividing of time." Dan. 7:25.

These verses explain God's way and power to save: Before He calls for reformation He prepares the way: He brings His church to trying and perplexing circumstances from which she can not easily disengage herself. He brings her to a situation similar to which He brought the prodigal. He does this in order that she might be brought to realize where her support in reality comes from, to know for certain that it does not come from her lovers. Then, and then only, may she do the very thing the prodigal did when he came to himself.

recovery My wool and My flax given to cover her nakedness. And now will I discover her lewdness in the sight of her lovers, and none shall deliver her out of Mine hand. I will also cause all her mirth to cease, her feast days, her new moons, and her sabbaths, and all her solemn feasts. And I will destroy her vines and her fig trees, whereof she hath said, These are my rewards that my lovers have given me: and I will make them a forest, and the beasts of the field shall eat them. And I will visit upon her the days of Baalim, wherein she burned incense to them, and she decked herself with her earrings and her jewels, and she went after her lovers, and forgot Me, saith the Lord."

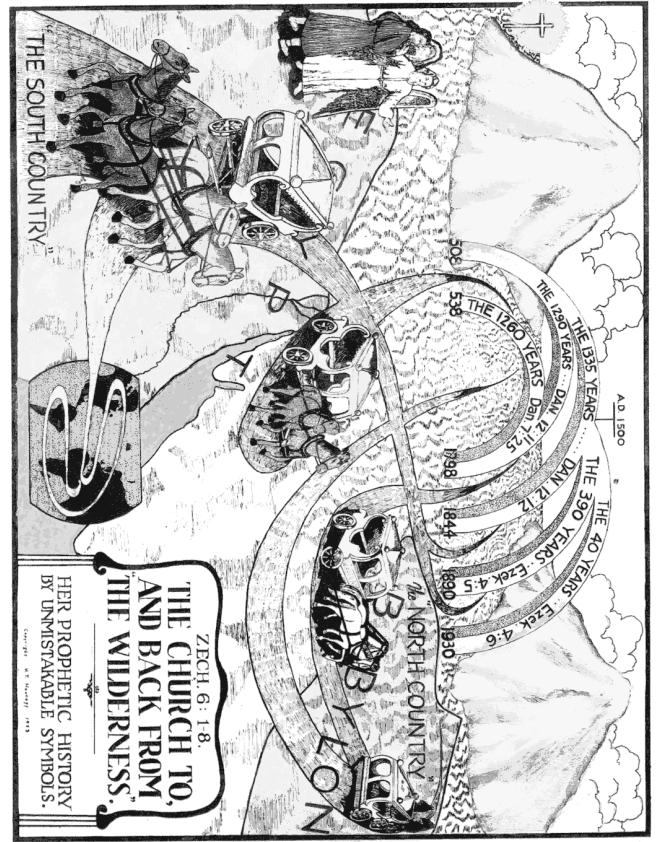
their mother hath played the harlot: she that conceived them hath done shamefully: for she said, I will go after my lovers, that give me my bread and my water, my wool and my flax, mine oil and my drink."

These verses set forth God's meaning of grace: that if the "mother" fails to reform, fails to cease from her whoredoms with the world and its practices, then not only the mother but also her sympathizing children will forever fall from grace.

The mother, here we are told, imagines that her unlawful lovers are the ones who supply her with the temporal things of life, and it is her excuse for having anything to do with them.

Moreover, we are again told that while she is thus playing the harlot, she is bringing forth illegitimate children, untrue converts. Here is a warning which in no uncertain terms demands a reformation or else the whole church family, except for those who reform, will be destroyed as completely as ancient Jerusalem was destroyed some years after the crucifixion of Christ.

Verses 6-13—"Therefore, behold, I will hedge up thy way with thorns, and make a wall, that she shall not find her paths. And she shall follow after her lovers, but she shall not overtake them; and she shall seek them, but shall not find them: then shall she say, I will go and return to my first husband; for then was it better with me than now. For she did not know that I gave her corn, and wine, and oil, and multiplied her silver and gold, which they prepared for Baal. Therefore will I return, and take away My corn in the time thereof, and My wine in the season thereof, and will



The paradox in this prophetic symbolism is with the fourth chariot, you see: It is hitched to two teams, the grisled and the bay, one team trying to take it in one direction (to and fro through the earth)! What is to become of the chariot, and which of the teams is likely to take it? That is the paradox, for they cannot both have it unless they walk together. As this is a paradoxical symbolism, it has been a mystery ever since the prophet wrote it, and as it is now disclosed for the first time, Inspiration obviously is forewarning someone of something very serious that is taking place at this particular time. What can it be?—

The prophet Zechariah was as anxious to know as we are, for he asked, "What are these, my Lord"? And to his question came the answer, "These are the four Spirits of the heavens, which go forth from standing before the Lord of the whole earth."

The angel's answer is positive. The chariots, He declared, are the Spirits of the heavens, Who stand before the Lord, and Who are sent to go to and fro through the earth. Plainly, then, these four teams and chariots symbolize four messages (four Spirits) sent from God's presence. And since all the messages from God are carried to and fro through the earth by the Ministry and the Church, the chariots and their teams, therefore, are seen to symbolize the church at work in four different periods.

The next question is, Where in the stream of time shall we look for this message-laden and trouble-burden church? in our time, in the past or what? The brass mountains give the clue, for the chariots came from between them. We should, therefore, first find out what the mountains symbolize, and

To "sow her unto Me in the earth," means to multiply her children in God's order after she receives all these promised blessings. Then she will truly have God's mercy, such great mercy as she has never before obtained. So to those to whom it was said, "Ye are not My people," it shall then, in grand art My people; and they shall say, Thou art My God."

Verse 23—"And I will sow her unto Me in the earth; and I will have mercy upon her that had not obtained mercy; and I will say to them which were not My people, Thou art My people; which by interpretation is the valley of prophet-hating house of Israel met defeat in the Valley of Jezreel, which by interpretation is the valley of whom Israel rejected and killed. Thus it is that the changed guiltiness, you see, was figurative of the prophets of whose blood ancient Israel was

good after probationary time is exhausted. Probationary time, for they cannot do the earth any plainly, all these promises are to be fulfilled during whole Truth—but Jezreel, too, shall the earth hear. over, not only the corn, the wine, and the oil—the soul as does wholesome, and nourishing food. More- earth shall hear the Truth—Truth that satisfies the "corn, and the wine, and the oil"; that is, the His people here on earth. The earth shall also hear will be listening to God's voice while He speaks to will in that day be in His church, that even the heavens These verses plainly show that God's presence the oil; and they shall hear Jezreel."

I will hear the heavens, and they shall hear the earth; and the earth shall hear the corn, and the wine, and the oil; and thou shalt know the Lord. And it shall come to pass in that day, I will hear, saith the Lord, I will hear the heavens, and they shall hear the earth; and the earth shall hear the corn, and the wine, and

725. You cannot afford to lose out. quering and to conquer."—"Prophets and Kings," p. with banners. She is to go forth into all the world, conquering and to finish the gospel work with a church, " . . . Fair man for revival and reformation throughout Laodicea and actually join this mighty layman's movement for revival and reformation throughout Laodicea woman (church) bring peace and happiness in the family of God. You must, therefore, not fail to whole- Goliath. Clear it is that children (lady) born to a lewd reason to be as positive of winning and as anxious to the mother is surely to bring peace and happiness to the reformation of all time; that the children's rebuke to Inspiration thus shows that our efforts with this too, shall say, "Thou art our God."

that "they shall hear Jezreel," and that God Himself are to move according to His Divine purpose. So it is high as a mountain that God is now at work, that things ventist world. This Truth, therefore, stands as that is now sweeping throughout the Seventh-day Adventist world. This Truth, therefore, stands as work that fulfills itself only in this layman's movement Jezreel, then carried to the church by the lady, is a sored by God Himself and brought to light through and reformation taking place in our own time, sponse- second chapter bring us down to the time of a revival written. Moreover, since the first verses of the are unfolded) when he caused these things to be is that God had us in mind (us to whom these chapters but by the will of the Spirit (2 Pet. 1:20, 21), the fact any private interpretation, not by the will of man, them, and since no prophecy of the Scriptures is of closed for the first time since the prophet wrote Now that the whole truth of these chapters is dis- reality, be said, "Ye are the sons of the living God."

### TEXT FOR PRAYER

#### Break Up The Fallow Ground

I shall read from page 56 of "Christ's Object Lessons":

"Throughout the parable of the sower, Christ represents the different results of the sowing as depending upon the soil. In every case the sower and the seed are the same. Thus He teaches that if the word of God fails of accomplishing its work in our hearts and lives, the reason is to be found in ourselves. But the result is not beyond our control. True, we can not change ourselves; but the power of choice is ours, and it rests with us to determine what we will become. The wayside, the stony-ground, the thorny-ground hearers need not remain such. . . . The soil once overgrown by thorns can be reclaimed only by diligent labor. So the evil tendencies of the natural heart can be overcome only by earnest effort in the name and strength of Jesus. The Lord bids us by His prophet, 'Break up your fallow ground, and sow not among thorns.' 'Sow to yourselves in righteousness; reap in mercy.' This work He desires to accomplish for us, and He asks us to cooperate with Him."

We shall now kneel and pray that we may ever be awake to the Voice of the Spirit of God; to know that although we cannot change ourselves, yet the power of choice is ours; to ever remember that God has created us free moral agents, that we ourselves are responsible for our hardness of heart; to let Him break up our fallow ground so that we may sow to ourselves righteousness; to know that through prayer and study we can keep awake our desire for spiritual things.

the gathering of the saints, and the destruction of the sinners—the separation of the wheat from the tares, the goats from the sheep, the good fish from the bad fish. The "barn" (Matt. 13:30), connotes the Kingdom here projected as does the Lord's right, and as do the vessels.

Verse 16—"And it shall be at that day, saith the Lord, that thou shalt call Me Ishi; and shalt call Me no more Baali."

Yes, rather than be her lord, God is indeed to be her husband, for one can have lords many, but only one husband.

Verse 17—"For I will take away the names of Baalim out of her mouth, and they shall no more be remembered by their name."

The names of Baalim are significant of persons possessing selfish characters such as Balaam's—teachers of religion, prophets who would rather curse Israel than lose the opportunity of monetary gain, or of some other foolish, selfish promotion that exalts and flatters. Such shall then no longer be known by their lordly, high and exalted titles.

When the Church is thus purged of all her idols, then will she find eternal peace.

Verses 18-22—"And in that day will I make a covenant for them with the beasts of the field and with the fowls of heaven, and with the creeping things of the ground: and I will break the bow and the sword and the battle out of the earth, and will make them to lie down safely. And I will betroth thee unto Me for ever; yea, I will betroth thee unto Me in righteousness, and in judgment, and in lovingkindness, and in mercies. I will even betroth thee unto Me in faith-